

EPiServer Editor Manual



ImageVault

Version 4.0

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1. Introduction

Welcome!

ImageVault is a web based file repository, which simplifies handling and storing of media files. The basic function of ImageVault is to store files on a central server, so everyone in an organisation can access, and use the files. ImageVault has sophisticated search and categorization of files which greatly simplifies finding and using media files. ImageVault replaces the built in image function in EPiServer.

1.1. Prerequisites

ImageVault is based on common web standards and is very intuitive and easy to use. Basic internet browser skills are recommended. EPiServer page editing skills and basic page administration is needed.

1.2. Manual conventions

Certain typographic conventions are used in this manual.

Running text is presented in the Gill Sans font. Notes, tips and warnings are presented in bold.

Note! A note highlights important information.

Tip! A tip contains an advice or an easier way to do something.

Warning! A warning highlights that a problem that might occur and how to avoid it.

1.3. Manual instructions

The manual has the following recommended reading order: First time users should start to read chapters number 2 and 6 which cover startup and the ImageVault user interface. Chapters 3, 4, 7, 8, 9 and 10, describes the most common processes in ImageVault, like file upload, file insert, download and batch operations. More advanced users can continue to read chapters 5, 11, 12 and 13 which contain information about administrative tasks.

1.4. Relation to other manuals

This manual, *ImageVault: Editor manual*, is aimed towards an editor in EPiServer. The *ImageVault: User manual* is aimed towards users of the standalone version. Documentation aimed towards installation and development is only available online. The online documentation for ImageVault can be found online at <http://www.imagevault.se>.

1.5. What's new?

ImageVault 4.0 is redesigned from the ground up. Several functions have been added or reworked to simplify the usage. The following functions have been added.

New UI

A brand new user interface makes navigation easier and simplifies file organization.

Fast navigation

It's now possible to quickly browse pictures by using categories, free text search or vaults.

Stand alone or CMS

ImageVault can now be used either as a stand-alone program or in conjunction with a CMS solution like EPiServer.

Batch handling

Large volumes of files can be processed at once, i.e. converting files or adding metadata to files.

Extensive API

ImageVault functionality can easily be extended by third party plug-ins.

Refer to <http://www.imagevault.se> for up to date information about news, upgrades and plug-in availability.

2. Start

To be able to use ImageVault an account in EPiServer with editing permissions is needed. Basic knowledge of page creation and editing in EPiServer is also needed. More information on page creation and editing can be found in the EPiServer Editor's Manual.

2.1. ImageVault functionality

ImageVault acts as a central repository for files. All editors have access to this repository during page creation and editing. It also helps the editors to build a structured environment for the files with storage vaults, metadata and category tagging to facilitate easy search and access.

The files only need to be stored once and are linked to each page where they are used. ImageVault also helps in maintaining site rules, since several standard media formats can be easily set up. Images taken straight off a high resolution digital camera can be used and image conversion and size altering are applied to convert the image to a format that complies with the page layout and site rules.

ImageVault helps file categorization by allowing users to add properties to the uploaded files. This is metadata in the form of categories and metadata fields which makes it much easier for other users to find and use the uploaded files. User access is controlled by vaults.

Below follows a short explanation of some of the key features in ImageVault 4.0.

2.1.1. Vaults

A vault is a storage area in ImageVault, with user rights similar to a file folder. Different types of user access control can be added to a vault, i.e. to prevent accidental deletion of files or simply to restrict access to certain files. A vault cannot have sub levels. Different metadata definitions can be tailored for each vault.

2.1.2. Categories

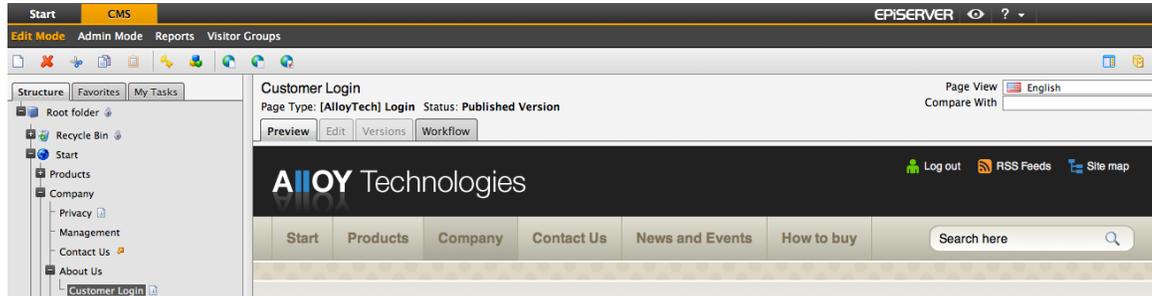
Categories are predefined file properties that will facilitate easier search for files. The number of categories is unlimited, but a limited number should be added or created during setup. Sub categories can be added, but a maximum of 2 levels below the top level.

2.1.3. Metadata

Metadata are additional information fields that can be added to files. This can for example be the name of the photographer or an additional description of the file. Metadata can also be information stored in a file like IPTC or EXIF data.

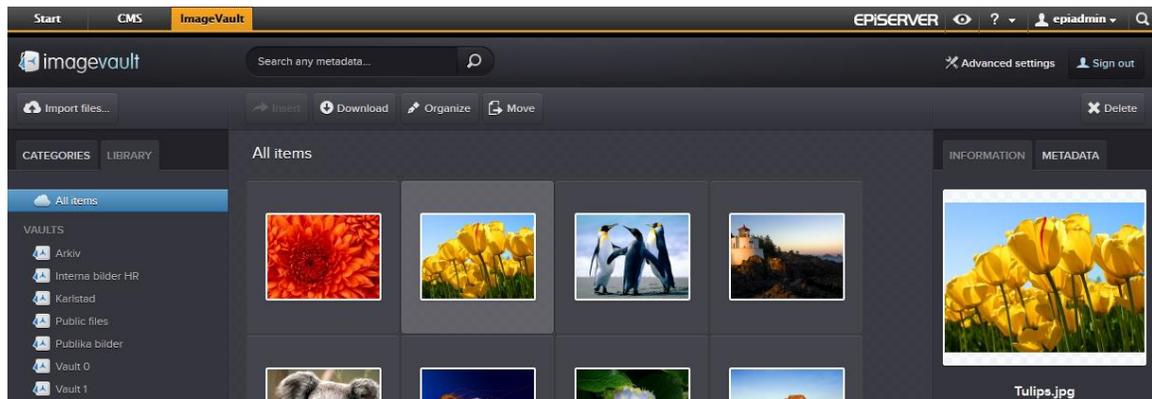
2.2. Starting mode

Editing Mode in EPiServer is used to create and edit pages. Image Vault is available during editing.



EPiServer in edit mode

To access the ImageVault UI use the link in the top menu.



ImageVault onlinecenter

The user interface is described more thoroughly in chapter 6 “Interface”.

3. Insert media files from ImageVault

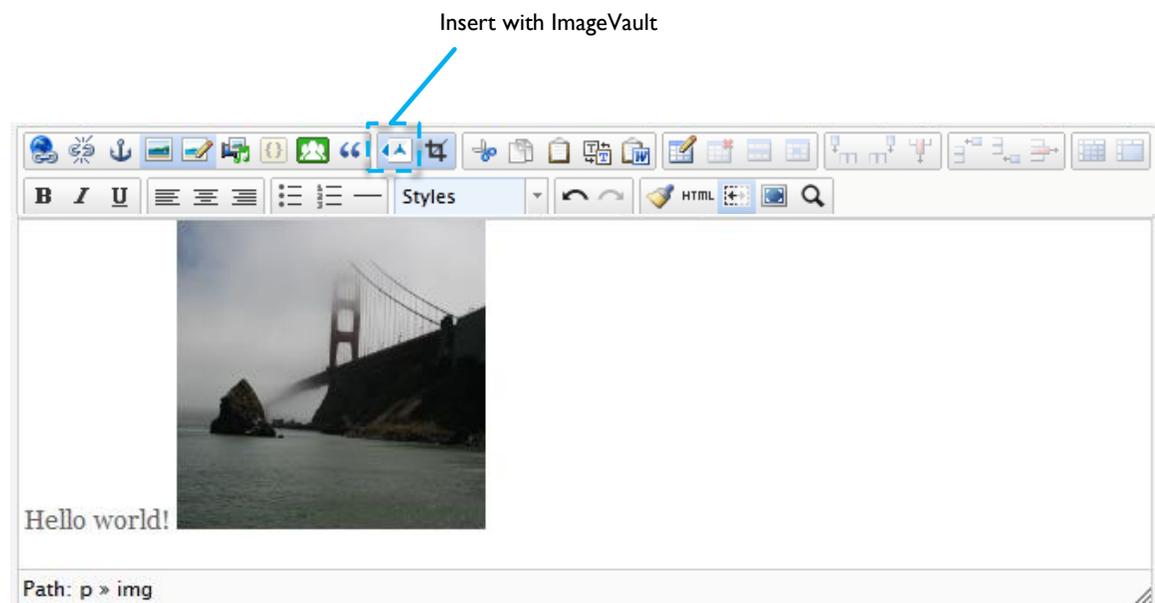
ImageVault is integrated in EPiServer and is used instead of the ordinary EPiServer image handling function. Image Vault also offers several new page properties for display of images.

ImageVault can be used to publish media files in either a normal text editor field or the EPiServer page properties Media or Medialist. The visual appearance on a page, of the Media and Medialist page properties, will differ greatly between installations due to EPiServers high degree of configurability. The method for adding or modifying the media files will however be the identical to the description below.

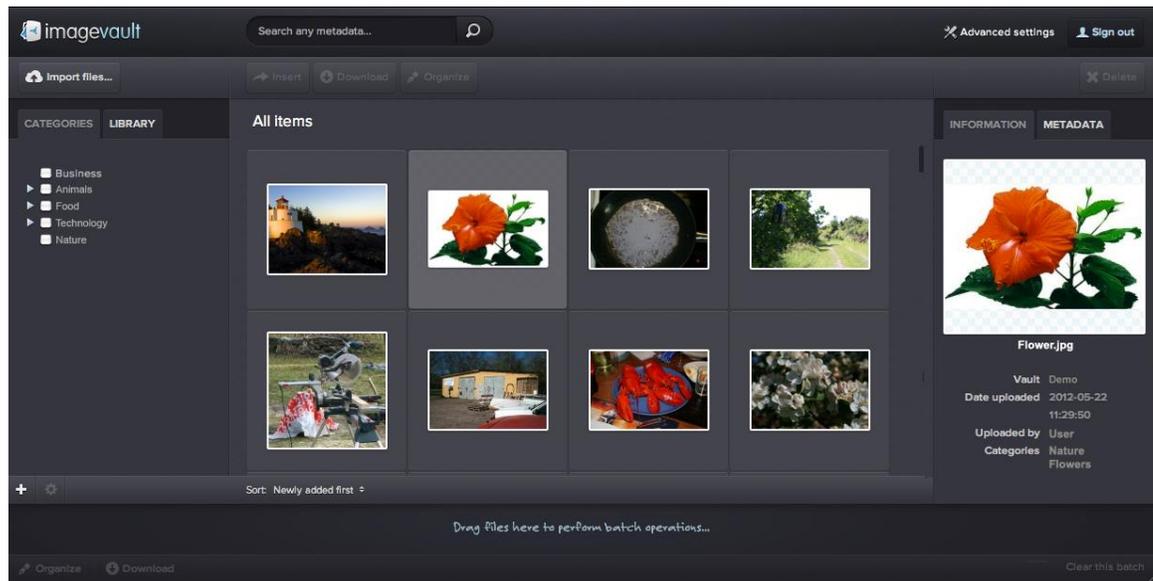
3.1. Add images to the text editor field

The text editor field is a common text field which can hold both text and images. ImageVault replaces the built in media file insert method found in EPiServer.

Use the insert button to insert media files: **Insert with ImageVault** .



This will open the ImageVault user interface.



ImageVault user interface

The user interface is described more thoroughly in chapter 6 “Interface”.

Select an media file and press the button **Insert**. The system will present the user with a number of predefined media formats. A media format can be setup to both resize an image and also to convert the image file format.

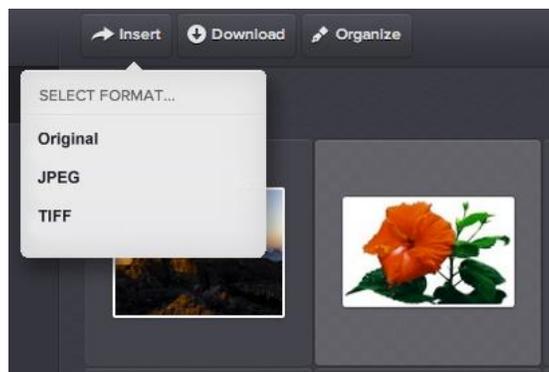


Image conversion formats

The image will be placed on the page. The image size can be altered after the insert. Use the image editor described in the next section.

Note! Avoid resizing the image using the image resize handles within the text field. This might distort the image and will not alter the image size. Use the ImageVault image editor instead.

3.1.1. Image editor

The image editor can be started by selecting an inserted image and pressing the edit button  found in the text field menu .

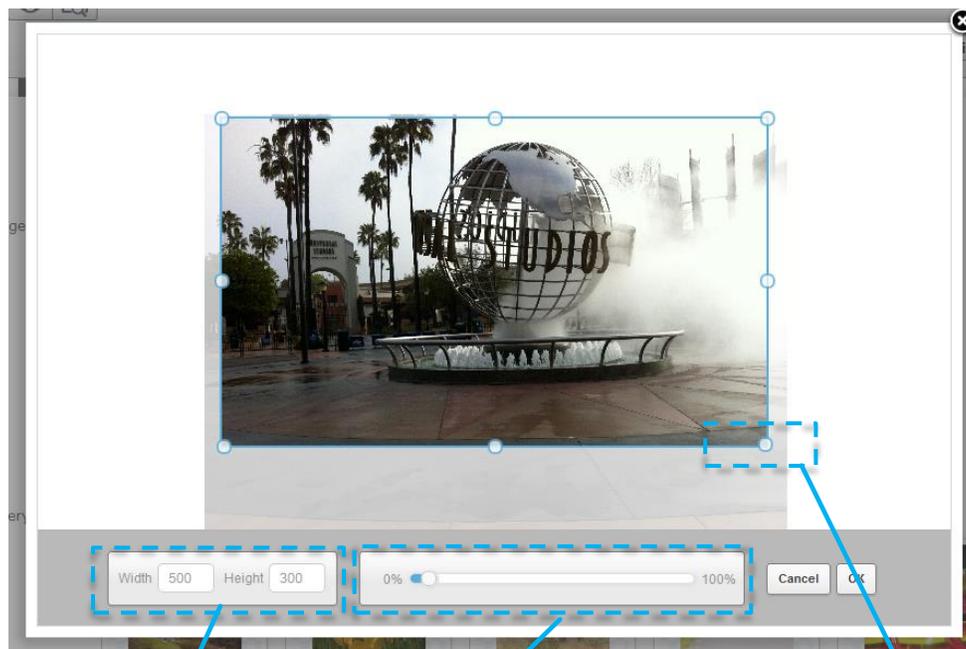
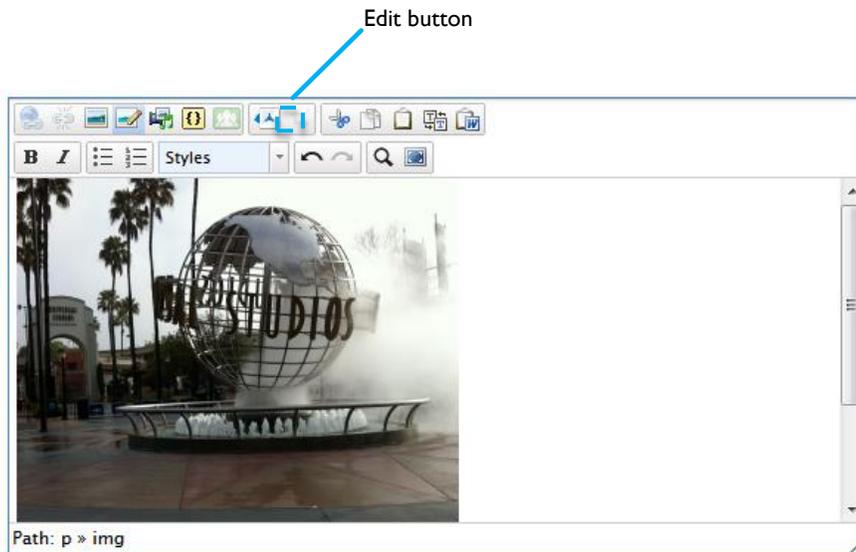


Image editor

Size settings fields

Zoom slider

Resize handle

Use the zoom slider to zoom in or out. It is also possible to use the mouse scrollwheel to zoom. The width and height can be modified either by using the size settings fields or the resize handles. Move the image around by clicking and moving the mouse. The image can

be adjusted on a pixel by pixel basis using the arrow keys to pan up/down or left/right, if precise adjustment is needed.

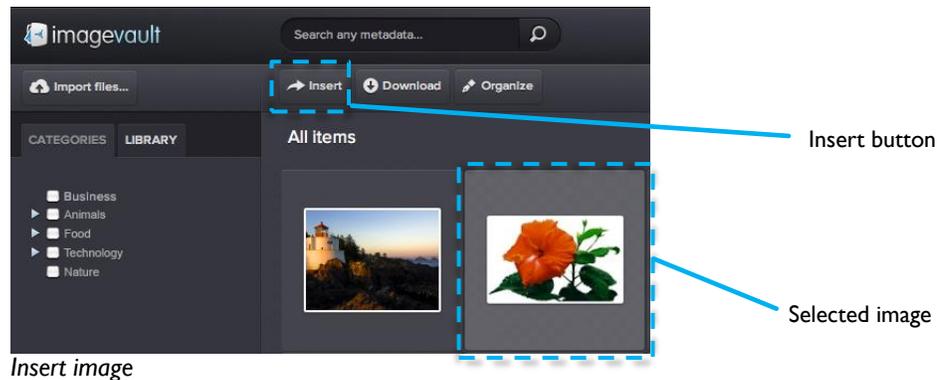
Press the **Ok** button to commit the change or cancel to abort. The top right x will also abort the edit.

4. ImageVault page properties

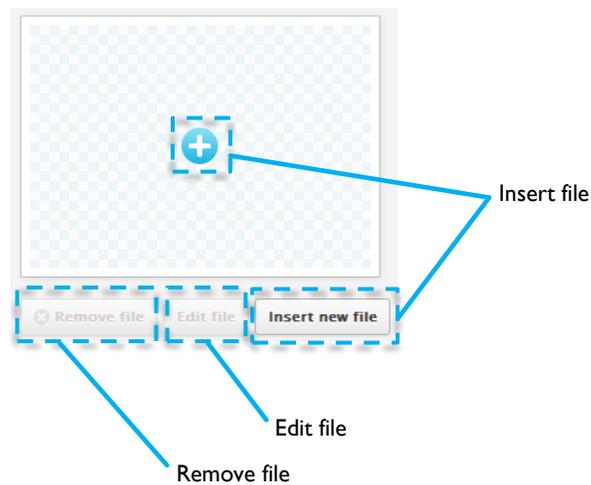
Image Vault adds two new types of page properties; Media and Medialist.

4.1. Media property

The Media property is an EPiServer page object that can be added to a page and can be used to select either an image or a movie. Press the plus sign or press **Insert new file** to add a media file. This will open the ImageVault user interface. Locate and select the file in ImageVault. Selection can be performed with single click on a media file. Press **Insert** to add the file.

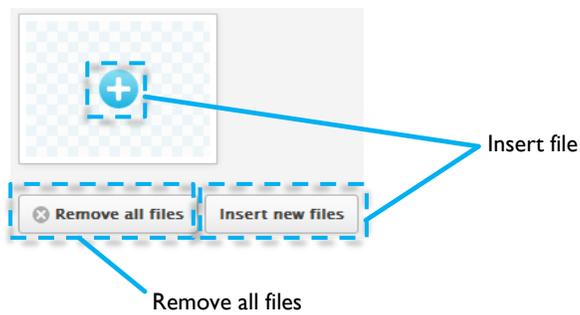
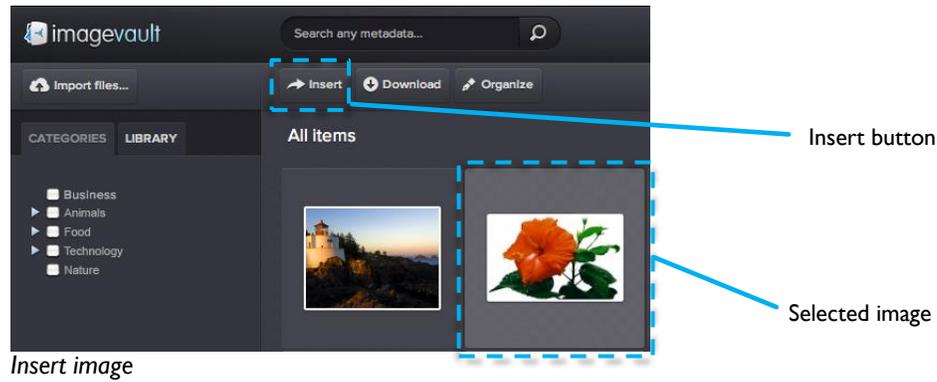


The file can be removed by pressing **Remove file**.



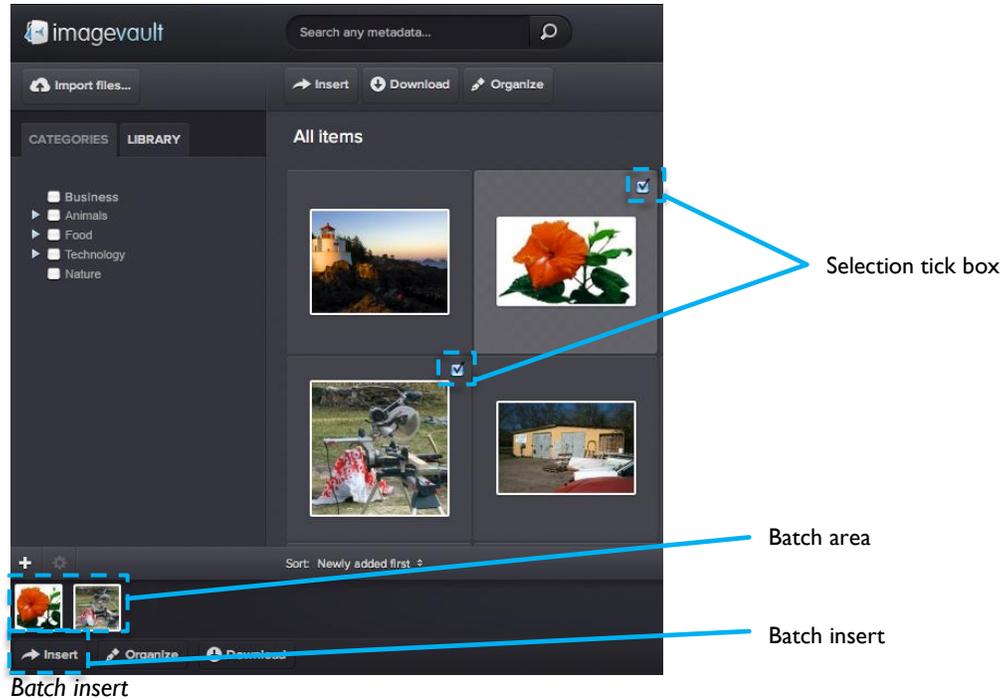
4.2. Media list property

The Medialist property is an EpiServer page object that can be added to a page and can be used to select single or multiple images. The Medialist object is typically used for an image gallery or a list of files. Press the plus sign or **Insert new files** to add a single or multiple image files. Locate the image in ImageVault and press **Insert** to add the media file.



4.2.1. Batch insert images into a Medialist

It is possible to insert multiple images into a Medialist by using the batch function in ImageVault. Press the plus sign to open ImageVault. Select multiple images by checking the tick box on each image.



The selected images are collected in the batch area. Press the batch insert button. All selected images are added to the Medialist page property.

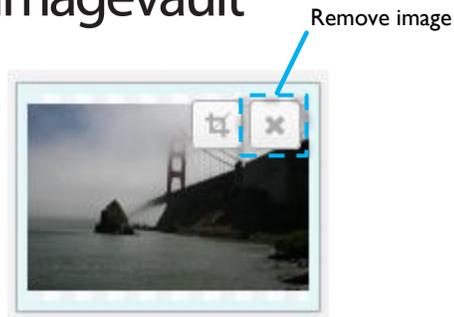
4.2.2. Rearrange Medialist images

The images in the Medialist can be rearranged by simple drag and drop. Press and hold an image and drop it to a new location. The sort order is from left to right where the leftmost image will be the first image in the Media list.



Rearrange Medialist images

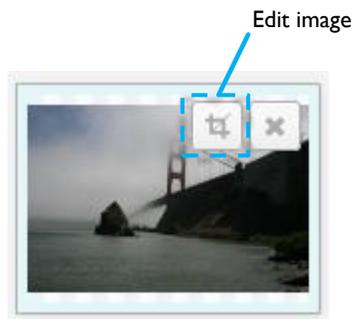
Images can be removed either by pressing **Remove all images**, which will delete all images in the Medialist, or by pressing the X on individual images.



Remove image

4.2.3. Edit images in a Media or Medialist object

Images in a Media or Medialist object can be modified in size in a similar way as in the text editor. Press the edit symbol on the image.



Edit image

This opens the image editor.

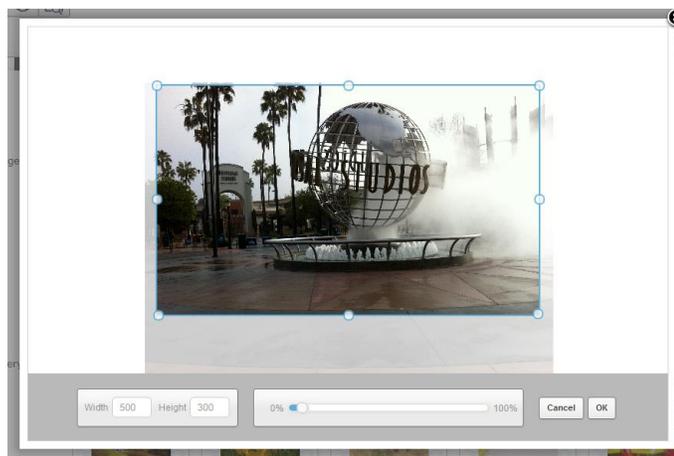


Image editor

The image can be modified in the same way that is described in the text field editor found previously in this chapter, see section 3.1.1 “Image editor”.

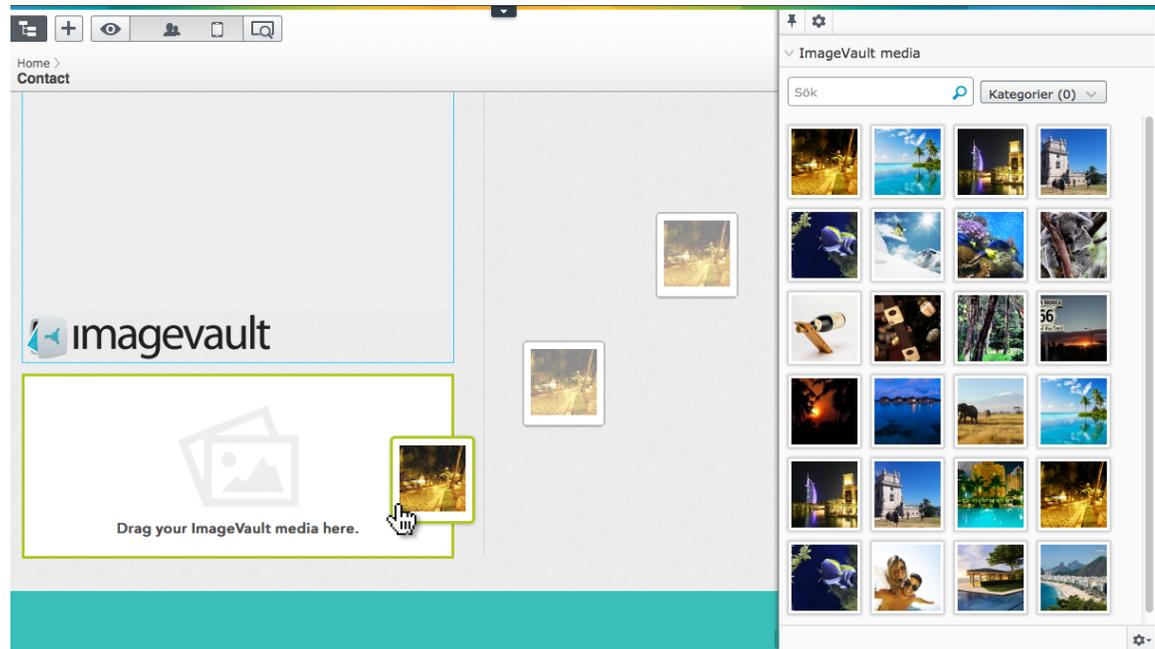
Note! The Media and Medialist page properties have settings that under certain conditions will prevent a user from resizing the image using the size setting fields. More information about this can be found in next section that handles administration.

4.3. EPiServer 7 CMS Gadget

In addition to the above it is also possible in EPiServer 7 CMS to use the ImageVault Media Gadget to find and select files.

Open up the asset pane and use the ImageVault Media Gadget to search for the files to be published. The gadget will offer search based on a combination off categories and text.

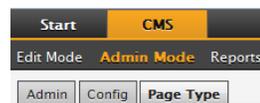
Select the files to publish and simply drag and drop it to the desired Media property.



Drag and drop file to Media Property

5. Administer Media or Medialist page properties

The Media and Medialist page properties have administrative settings which controls how an image can be edited and how it will be published. Navigate to Admin mode and Page Type settings.



Administration mode

Note! Not all users have access to the administrative settings.

Select which page to change settings for. The different page elements that the page consists of are displayed in a list.

Setting links

↑	↓	MediaProperty	Media	Content	No	MediaProperty
↑		MediaListProperty	MediaList	Content	No	MediaListProperty

Page properties list

Press the settings link to administer a page property. This will open the Edit Property page. Activate the Custom Settings tab.

Edit Property

Common Settings
Custom Settings

Media

Use global settings
 Use default settings ▾
[Manage global settings](#)

Use custom settings

Settings

These settings adjust the preview size of the property and default display size if not overridden in the view.

Width

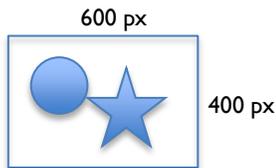
Height

Resize mode ▾

Custom settings

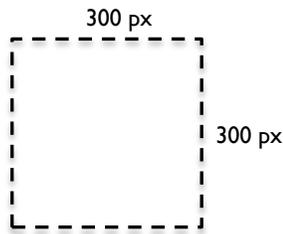
Values in the width and height settings will lock the image size to this specific value. A filled out value will restrict the editor from changing the value in the image editor, whereas a blank field will permit the editor to change the value.

The resize mode is either Scale to fit or Scale to fill. See example below. The image in the example is 600 pixels wide and 400 pixels in height, and has an aspect ratio of 1.5:1.



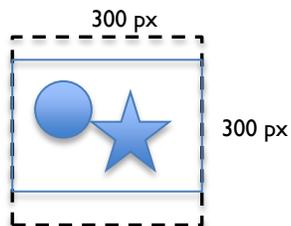
The examples show an image where the width and height settings are both set to 300 pixels.

Width	<input type="text" value="300"/>
Height	<input type="text" value="300"/>



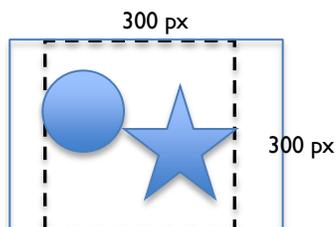
Scale to fit

The image will be scaled to fit within the given width and height boundaries.



Scale to fill

The image will be scaled in such a way that it will fill the entire area. This will in most cases lead to some degree of image cropping.

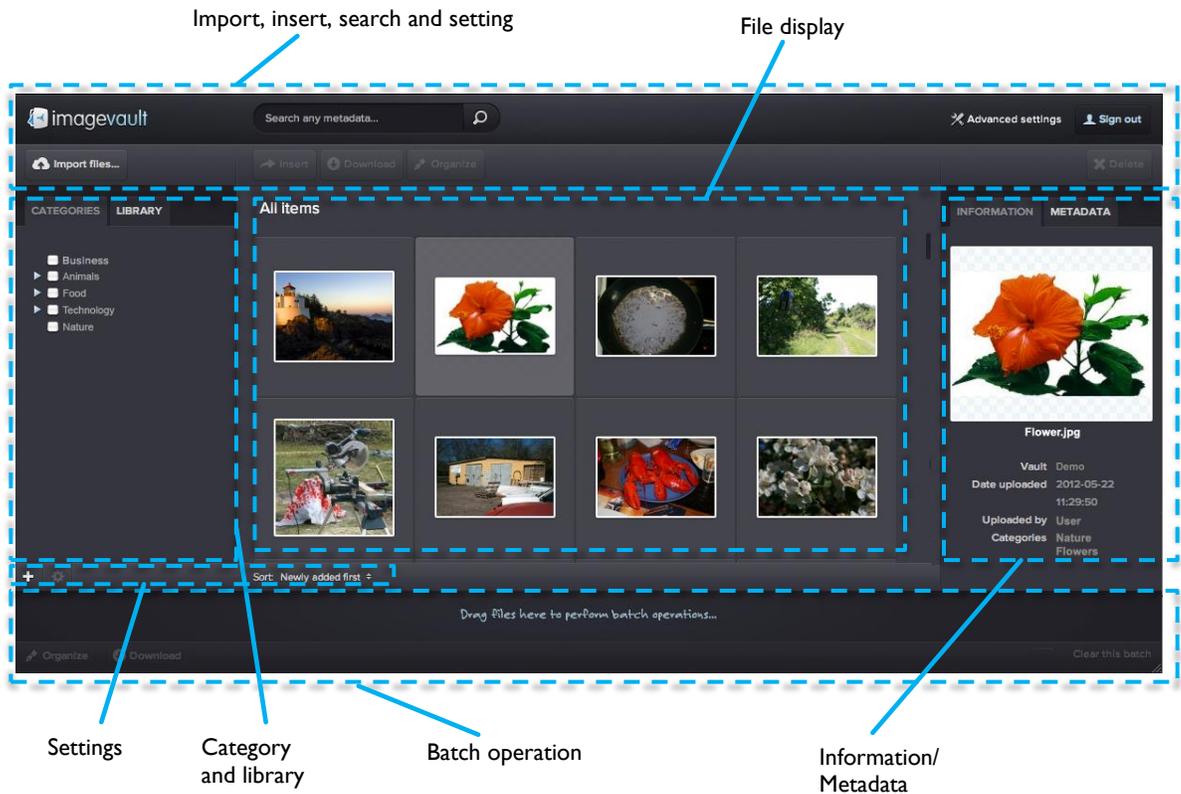


The image will be scaled to a suitable format based on the width and height aspect ratio. Both height and width values must be specified.

A developer can override the settings set in admin mode when creating the page template. The size settings will however still be used while editing the image.

6. Interface

The ImageVault user interface consists of 6 main areas, see picture below.



Main user interface

6.1. Interface overview

File display area

All available files are displayed as preview thumbnails in the file display area. The number of visible files will depend on current vault content, current user access rights, search results or category selections.

Import, insert, search and setting area

Use the buttons to import, download, move and categorize files. The search bar will filter which files that are displayed based on a free text search. The insert button will insert files into a cms. The button is only active if ImageVault is connected to a cms.

Category and library area

The categories section displays all available categories in the system. Selecting a category will filter which files that are displayed. The library section displays all vaults available on the server. All vaults might not be visible to all users thanks to user access rights.

Batch operation area

The batch area collects selections of files. It is possible to perform category or metadata batch operations on the files or download all files.

Information/Metadata section

The information and metadata section will display information about a selected file.

Settings area

The settings area holds buttons for adding vaults, modifying categories and sort order.

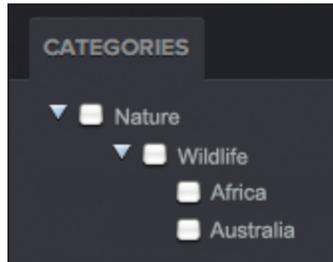
Vaults are described more in chapter 6.1.2 “Vault selection”. More information about categories can be found in chapter 11.4 “Categories”.

The sort order can be toggles between “Newly added first” which will display the most recent files that have been added to the system or “Name by A-Z”. This choice will display the media files sorted by name.

Note! Vaults and categories can only be created by a user with administrative privileges.

6.1.1. Categories

Categories are predefined metadata that can be added to a file. This is one of the fastest way to filter media files, except for search, and should be used as the main navigation method.



Categories

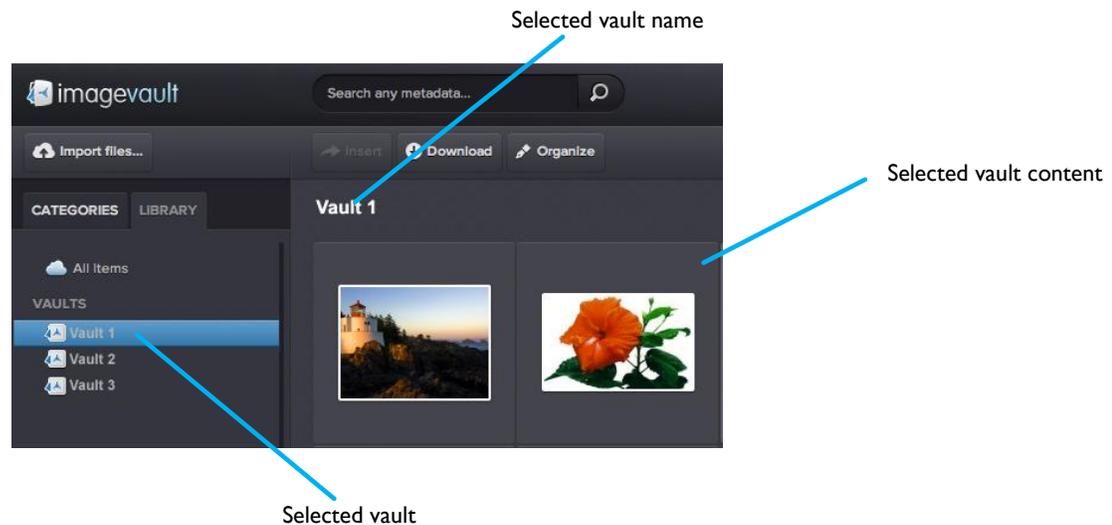
A category can have 2 sub levels. It is possible to filter files that have been tagged with a specific category keyword.

Categories should be used to group files that share a common property. Multiple categories can be combined to further narrow the search result.

6.1.2. Vault selection

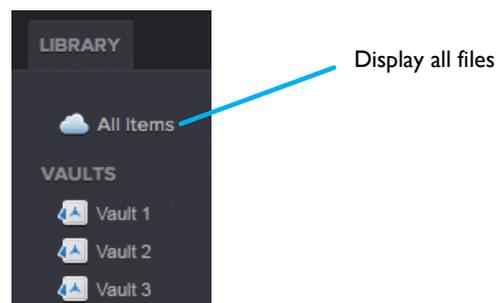
Select a vault by activating the library tab and select the vault. All images in the selected vault will be displayed.

The current vaults name will be displayed at the top of the file display area.



Current vault

To display the contents of all vaults select **All items**. This will display all files currently in the system that the user has access to. This is also the default setting when a user logs into the system.



Vault selection

A search will be limited to the current vault. See section 5 for more info.

Note! Vaults can have different user access. All vaults will not be visible to all users.

6.1.3. File preview



File preview icon

The magnifying glass will display an enlarged preview of the file. A preview can also be initiated by a double clicking the image icon. The check box selects the file for batch operations, see section 7 for more info.

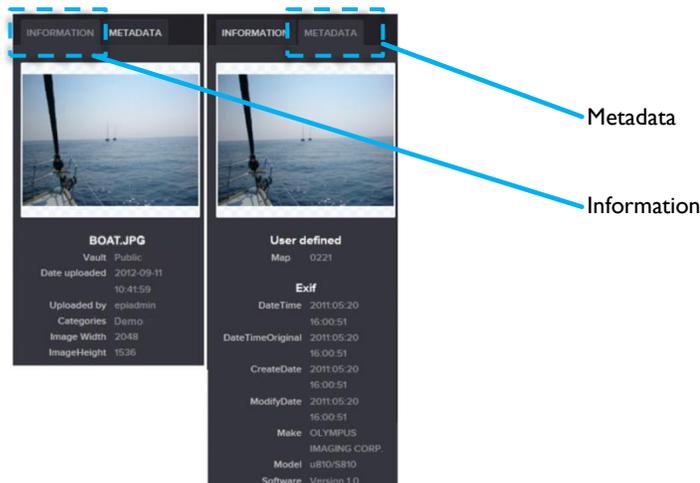
Note! A preview file type icon will be displayed if the file format is not supported by ImageVault or a third party plug-in.

6.1.4. File information and metadata

File information and metadata for a selected file will be displayed in the information area. File information will typically be image height and width, date of upload and current vault name.

File metadata can be metadata manually added by a user during upload. The administrator will setup which fields and what information that should be added during a file upload. Metadata fields can be customized for each vault, meaning that some vaults can have more metadata fields that need to be filled out and others fewer.

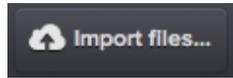
It is also possible to harvest automatic metadata. Digital images or media files normally contain metadata. This can be IPTC or EXIF data, i.e focal length of the lens used, serial number of the camera, GPS data. ImageVault can read this type of metadata during upload, without any user interaction, and save the data as file metadata.



File information and metadata

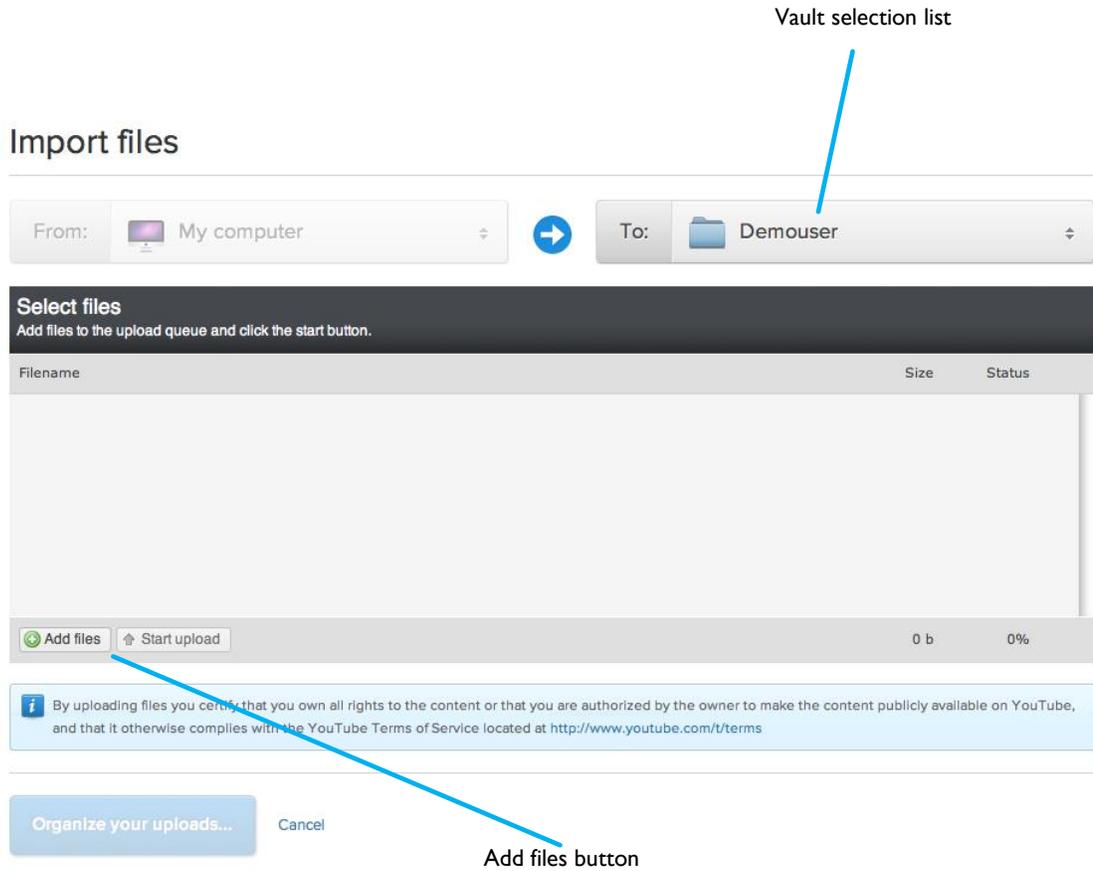
7. Importing files

Import files by pressing the **Import files...** button. This will open the import files guide.



Import file button

7.1. Upload

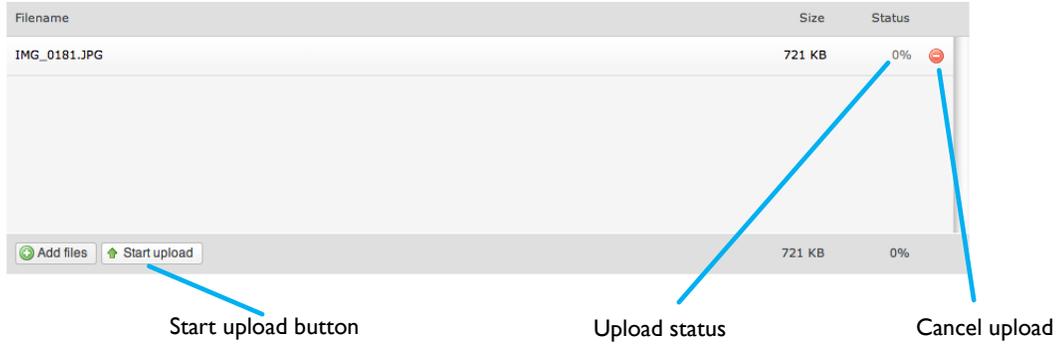


The screenshot shows the 'Import files' interface. At the top, there are two dropdown menus: 'From: My computer' and 'To: Demouser'. A blue arrow points from the 'Demouser' dropdown to the label 'Vault selection list'. Below these is a 'Select files' section with a table for file selection. The table has columns for 'Filename', 'Size', and 'Status'. At the bottom of the table area, there are two buttons: 'Add files' and 'Start upload'. A blue arrow points from the 'Add files' button to the label 'Add files button'. Below the table is a blue information box with a Facebook icon and text: 'By uploading files you certify that you own all rights to the content or that you are authorized by the owner to make the content publicly available on YouTube, and that it otherwise complies with the YouTube Terms of Service located at <http://www.youtube.com/t/terms>'. At the bottom of the interface, there are two buttons: 'Organize your uploads...' and 'Cancel'.

Import files guide

Select vault based on the target audience for the files by using the vault selection list.

Press the **Add files** button and select files from your local computer or network. Several files can be selected at once by shift-clicking the files in the normal operating system file browser. The files are added to the file selection area. This area will display the file status, where 0% represents that the file has not been uploaded yet and 100% represents that the file is uploaded to the server. The minus sign can be used to cancel the file upload for each of the selected file.



File upload

Press the **Start upload** button, once all files are selected, to initiate the file upload. A progress bar will show the file upload status during upload. All files status counters should change to 100% once the file upload is complete.

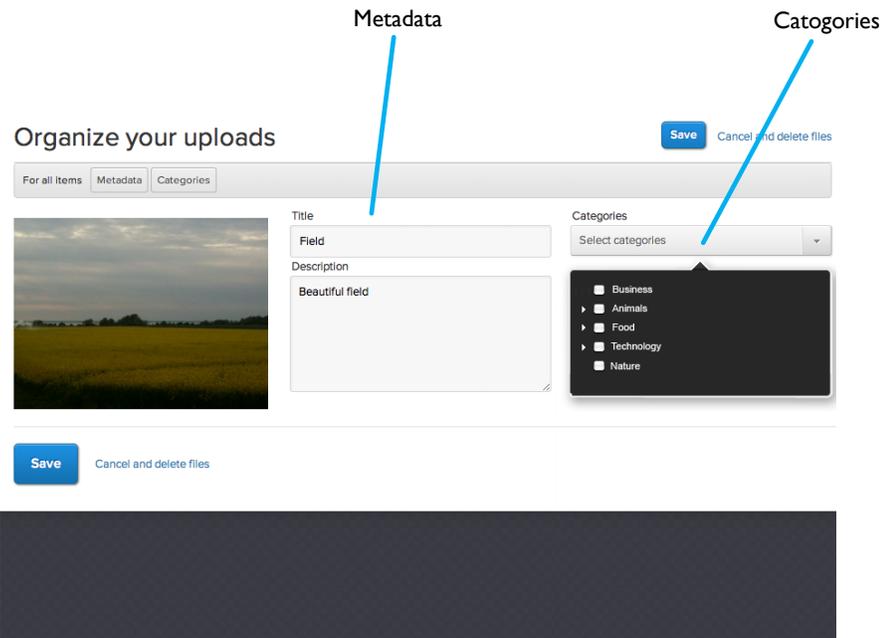
Tip! Browsers supporting HTML 5 allow you to drag and drop files as a complement to the “Add files” button.

7.2. Organizing files

Press the **Organize your uploads...** button to tag the files with the proper category and metadata.



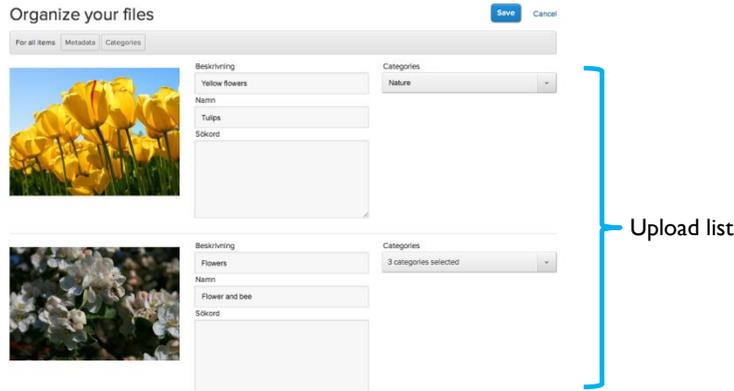
Organize uploaded files



Adding category and metadata

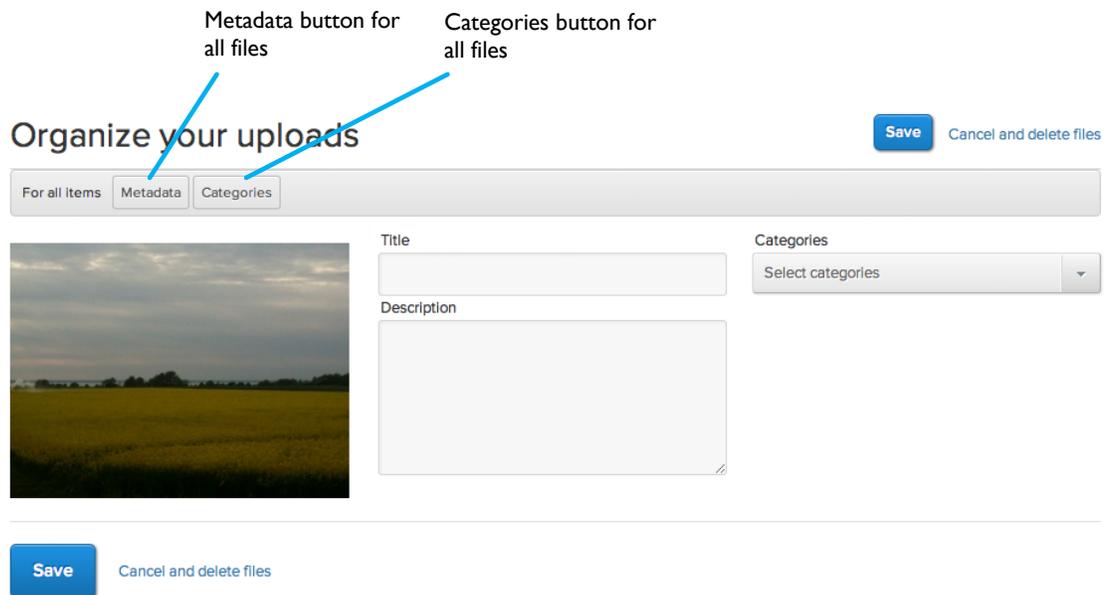
Correct file tagging, meaning adding categories and relevant information in the metadata fields, will make a file easier to find and reused by other users.

Tip! Taking the extra time during upload to add the correct properties to a file will make a huge difference when the system holds several hundred or thousands of files.



Multiple files upload list

The Organize upload page can be used in several ways. It is possible to add metadata and categories to all files listed in the upload list at once by using the menu buttons **Metadata** and **Categories** at the top of the page, rather than adding the information to one file at a time.



Organize upload

If an individual file needs specific information, it is easy to change this in the upload list. Adding metadata and category information to all files simultaneously during import is a time saver, since common properties can be added to all files and then fine-tuned for some of the uploaded files, if needed.

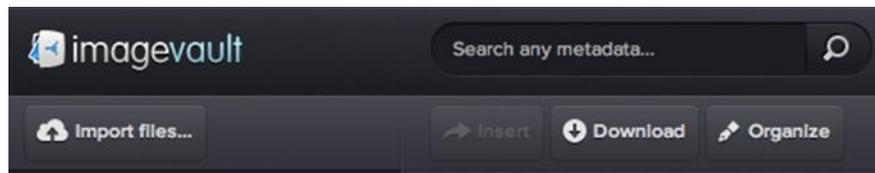
Press **Save** to complete the upload or **Cancel and delete** to cancel the upload.

Note! Depending on the setup, certain metadata fields might be mandatory and must be filled out prior to completing the upload.

Note! Fields that should be considered to be metadata and categories are setup and maintained by the administrator.

7.2.1. Altering file information

Metadata, category and other file information can be changed after a file has been uploaded. Select the file by single click in the file preview area and press the **Organize** button.

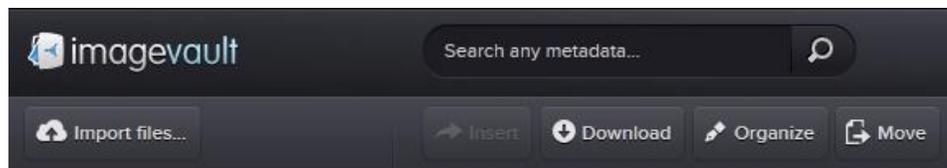


Organize file

The organize file dialog will be displayed. Modify the information and press **Save**. Press **Cancel** to abort the modification.

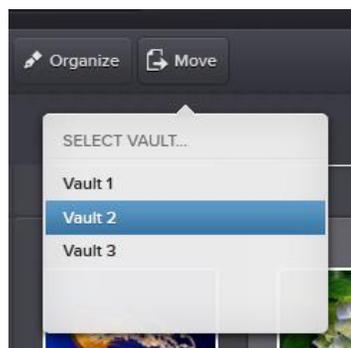
7.2.2. Move a file to a new vault

It is also possible to change which vault a file is stored in. Select the file by single click in the file preview area and press the **Move** button.



Move file

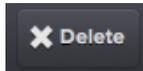
This will show a list of available vaults where the user has the rights to store the file.



The organize file dialog will be displayed. Modify the information and press **Save**. Press **Cancel** to abort the modification.

7.3. File deletion

To delete a file simply select the file by single click on the file icon in the file display area. Press the **Delete** button located at the top right of the screen.



Delete button

A user dialog window is displayed stating that the operation cannot be undone once completed. Press **Delete** to continue or **Cancel** to abort the operation and keep the file.



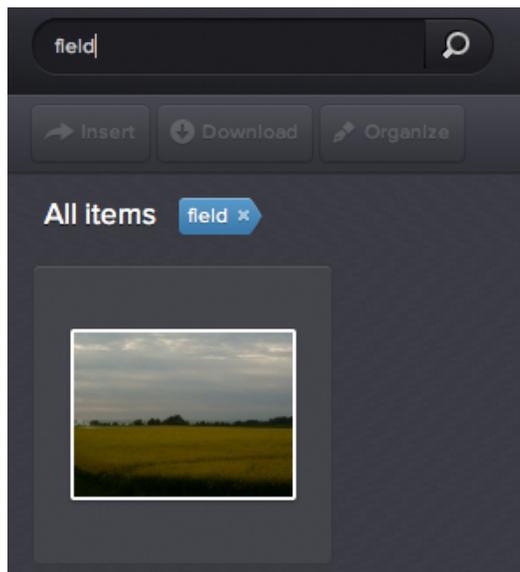
Delete file user dialog

8. Search

Search enables the user to find files that have been uploaded by other users. Search can be performed either by using free text, category search, vault selection or a combination of the above.

8.1. Free text search

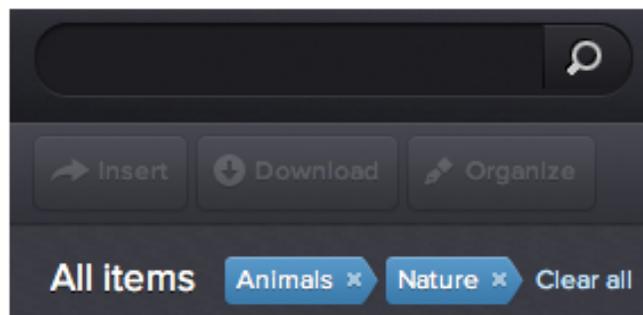
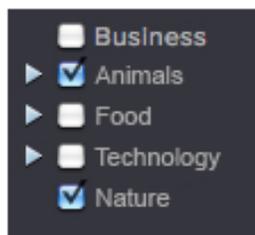
The search bar is located at the top of the user interface. Input a search phrase and press enter. The search uses automatic wildcards meaning that a search for the word “field” will also find files tagged with “fields”. A free text search is the fastest way to find a specific file if the file properties is known beforehand.



Search view

8.2. Category search

It is also possible to search for files by using the category selection. Select one or more categories. Each selected category search will be presented in the file area. The displayed files will have all selected categories as properties.

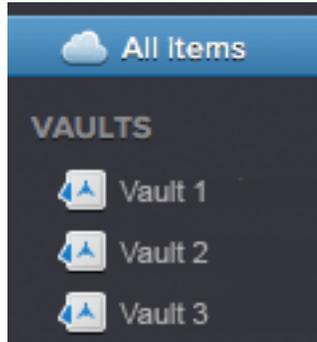


Category search

Press the x at the search parameter to remove this item from the search or press **Clear all** to remove all search parameters.

Normal search and category search can be combined. Each search parameter will be listed after each other.

8.3. Search scope



Vault selector or all items

A search or category selection will be limited to the current vault unless all files are viewed at the same time. Select **All items** in the vault selection area to display all files in the system. A search performed after selecting **All items** will be system wide.

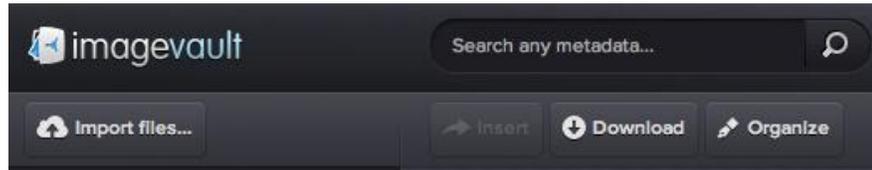
Note! Search will be conducted in the current vault!

9. File download

Files can easily be downloaded and converted to predefined formats.

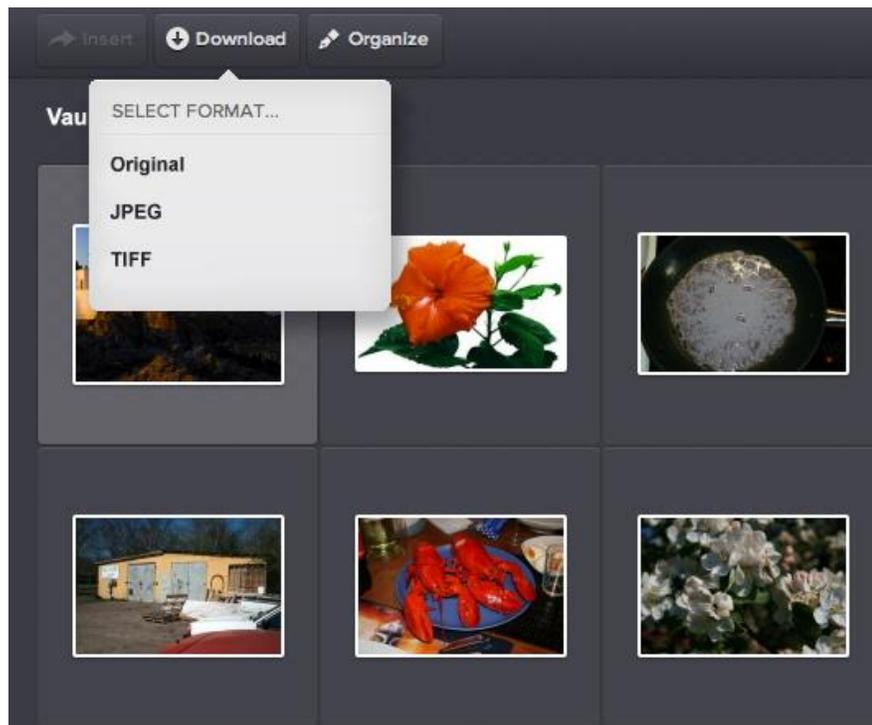
9.1. Download & conversion

Select a file in the file display area by single click and press the Download button.



Download button

This will display predefined file conversion settings. Select the one of the displayed formats. The original file format and size can be retained by selecting the Original format.



Download format presets

An operating system file download dialog will be displayed. Select a location where the file should be downloaded.

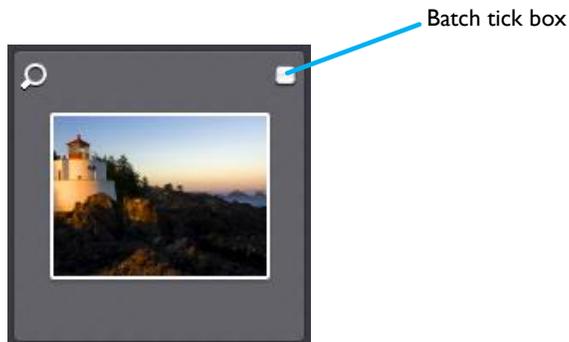
Note! The administrator can setup additional conversion formats.

10. Batch operations

To simplify the task of adding properties or downloading large volumes of files it is possible to perform batch operations.

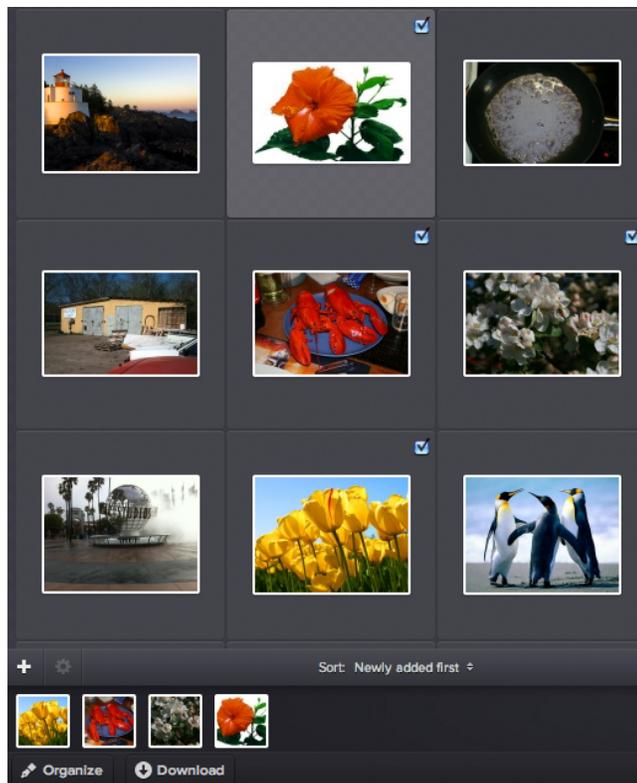
10.1. Adding files to a batch

Files can be added for batch operations in several ways. Either use the tick box on the file preview or drag and drop files to the batch area.



Batch tick box

Files can be added to the batch area at will and stays in the batch area until cleared. Files of interest can be added from consecutive searches or simple vault browsing.



Batch area

10.2. Organize files

Add category properties to the files by pressing the **Organize** button. The same user interface will be displayed as during a file upload with the exception that it is only possible to save or cancel the operation and not cancel and delete.

Organize your files

For all Items
Metadata
Categories



Beskrivning

Namn

Sökord

Categories



Beskrivning

Namn

Sökord

Categories

Batch organize

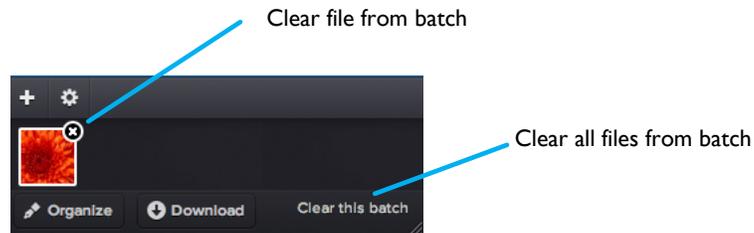
10.3. Move files

Move the files to a new vault by clicking the **Move** button. This will show a list of available vaults where the user has the rights to store the files. Once a vault is selected the same user interface will be displayed as during organize with the exception that it is only possible to save or cancel the operation and not cancel and delete.

Note! All files in the batch area will be moved to the selected vault.

10.4. Clear batch

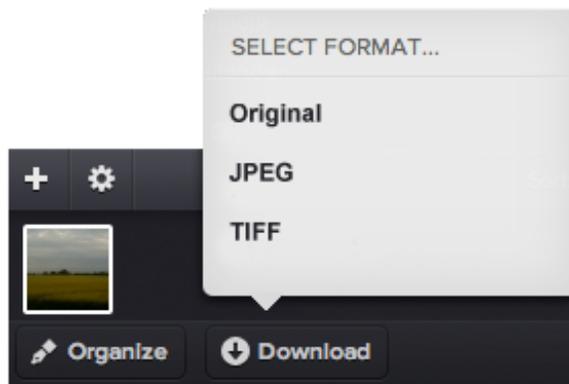
Clear files from the batch area either by pressing the x at the top left in the thumbnail image in the batch area, or uncheck the tick box in the file display area. All files can be cleared from the batch area by pressing **Clear this batch**.



Clear batch

10.4.1. Download files

All files in the batch area can be downloaded at the same time by pressing the **Download** button. Select a suitable conversion method and start the download.



Batch download

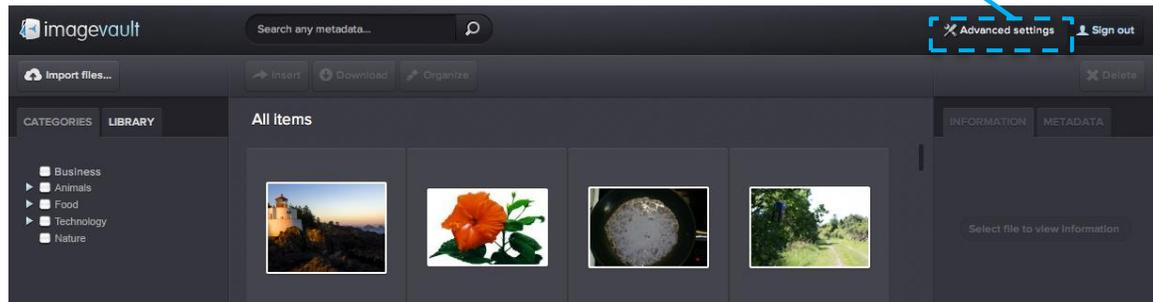
The files will be packaged as a zip archive. The system will present the user with a user dialog box. Select where to save the zip archive or open the archive directly.

Note! The administrator can set up additional media formats.

11. Advanced settings

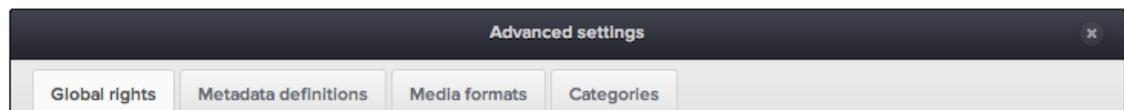
The advanced setting can be accessed by pressing the **Advanced settings** button found top right on the main screen.

Advanced settings



Advanced settings

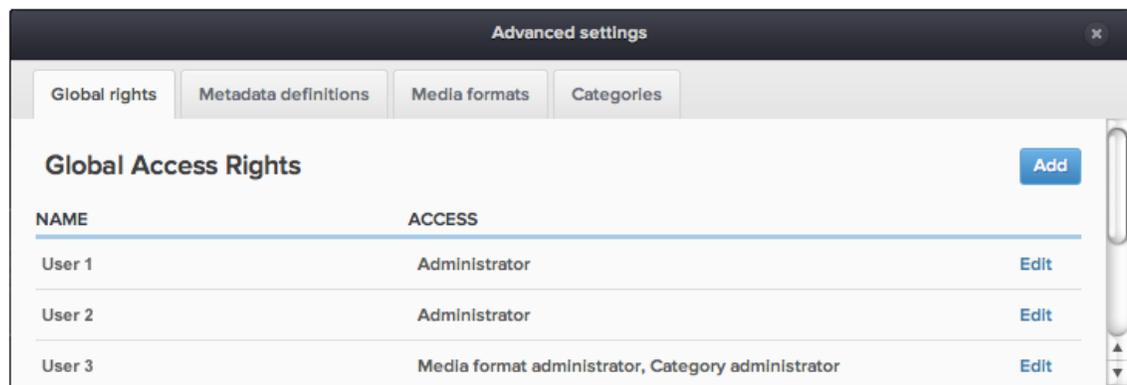
The settings are divided into four areas; global rights, metadata definitions, media formats and categories.



Settings

11.1. Global rights

The global rights setting tab lists the access rights for all administrators in the system. ImageVault uses three different administrator levels. These are administrator, media format administrator and category administrator. The administrator holds the most privileges and is a super user. The media administrator can only modify or add media formats and the category administrator can only modify or add the categories.



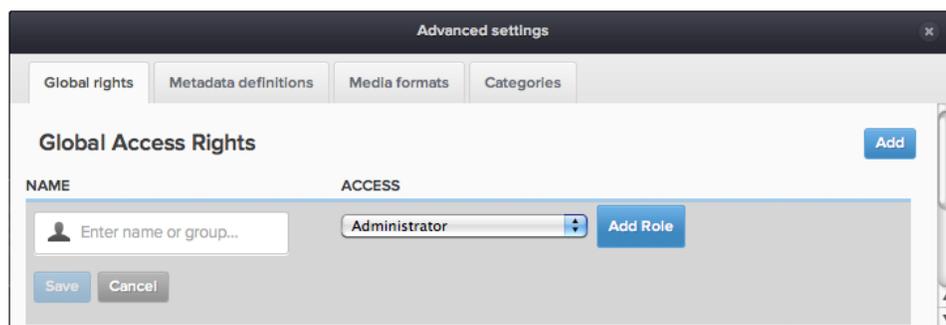
Global access rights

The administrator can perform all administrative duties. This includes:

- create vaults
- access all vaults
- make other users administrators
- add and modify categories
- add and modify media formats

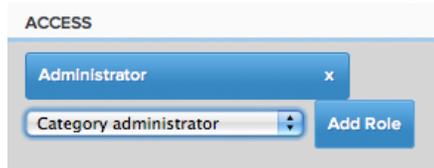
The category admin can only administer categories, such as create new or modify an existing category. The media format administrator can only modify existing media formats or create new.

The global right tab lists all administrators and their respective rights. Press **Edit** to modify or **Add** to add a new administrator. The user name can be added as a partial username. The system will automatically make a wildcard search based on the added name and present matching users and groups as a dropdown menu.



Add or modify user

Press **Add Role** to add a user role. Press **Save** to save the user role. A user role can be removed by pressing the x next to the user role.



Add and remove roles

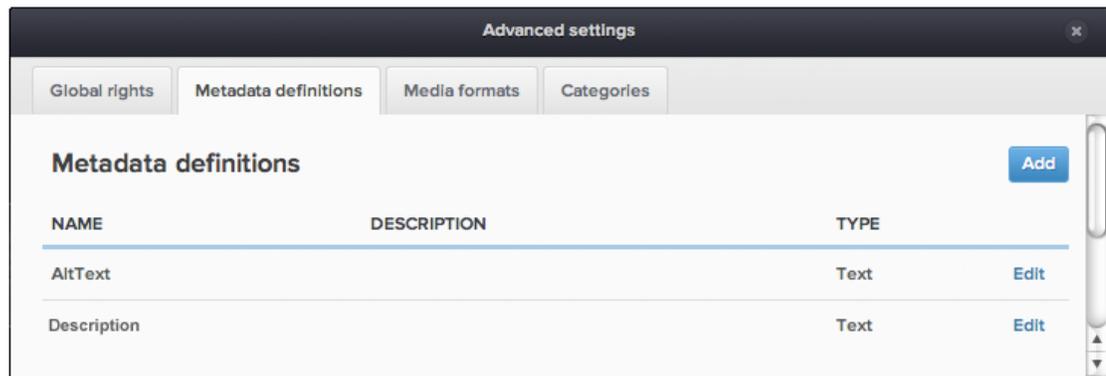
ImageVault uses federated identity for users. All users and groups are stored outside of the ImageVault system. Contact your system administrator for more information.

Note! Users and groups cannot be created in ImageVault. They have to be created in the underlying user system.

11.2. Metadata definitions

Metadata are properties that are associated with a file. The metadata can be information that was added by a digital camera, like what aperture that was used when the image was shot or if the flash was fired or suppressed. Metadata can also be information added by a user like keywords or copyright information.

Metadata definitions are templates that define what metadata tags should be read automatically during file import or what additional metadata information that can be added to a file by the user during upload.



Metadata

Press **Edit** to modify an existing metadata definition or **Add** to add a new metadata definition. Enter a name and description followed by a data type for the field.

NAME	DESCRIPTION	TYPE
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	Text
<input type="button" value="Add mapping"/> <input type="button" value="Save"/> <input type="button" value="Cancel"/>		<input type="checkbox"/> Read only <input type="checkbox"/> Multilingual

New metadata

The following types are available:

Text	A normal text field with max 250 characters
Date and Time	Date and/or time. The server date and time system will be used.
Number	A numerical value (integer)
True/False	A Boolean value
Long text	A normal text field with a maximum of several thousand characters
Decimal	A numerical value (float)

A metadata definition can be locked by selecting read only. A field can be allowed to contain information in multiple languages by selecting multilingual.

11.2.1. Add mapping

Press **Add** to add a metadata tag to the metadata definition. The system will automatically look for the selected metadata tag during import of a media file and add the value of the tag to the metadata for the file.

Add metadata

Select a metadata tag from the list and press **Add** to add the metadata.

It is possible to add multiple metadata tags, but the first tag that is found within the media file will be added to the metadata for the file. The picture below shows an example with multiple tags. The system will not look for the brightness tag if the aperture tag is found.

Multiple metadata tags

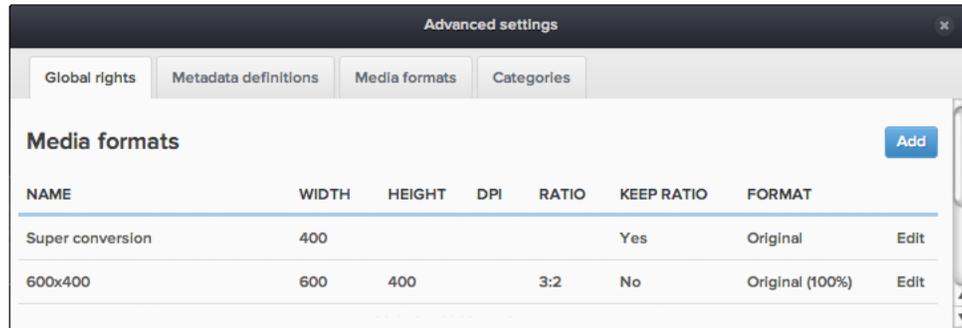
Press **Save** to save the new metadata definition or **Cancel** to discard.

Note! Metadata definitions cannot be removed once they are in use by an uploaded file.

Note! The selection of metadata tags available for mapping will increase when new media files, which contain new tags, are uploaded to the system.

11.3. Media formats

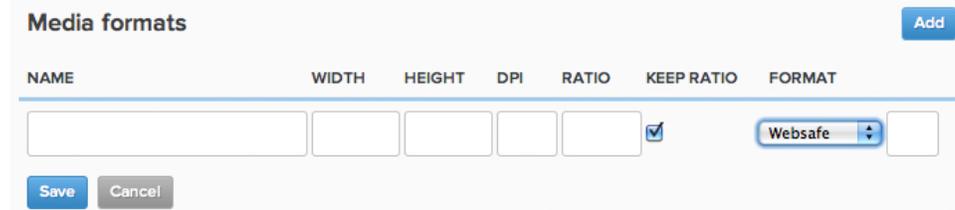
The media formats tab lists all media formats. It is also possible to see how an existing media format is setup in the list view. A media format can be used to easily make exported media files comply with a standard size or file format.



NAME	WIDTH	HEIGHT	DPI	RATIO	KEEP RATIO	FORMAT	
Super conversion	400				Yes	Original	Edit
600x400	600	400		3:2	No	Original (100%)	Edit

Media formats

Press **Edit** to modify an existing media format or **Add** to add a new format.



NAME	WIDTH	HEIGHT	DPI	RATIO	KEEP RATIO	FORMAT
<input type="text"/>	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/>	Websafe <input type="text"/>				

Save Cancel

Add media format

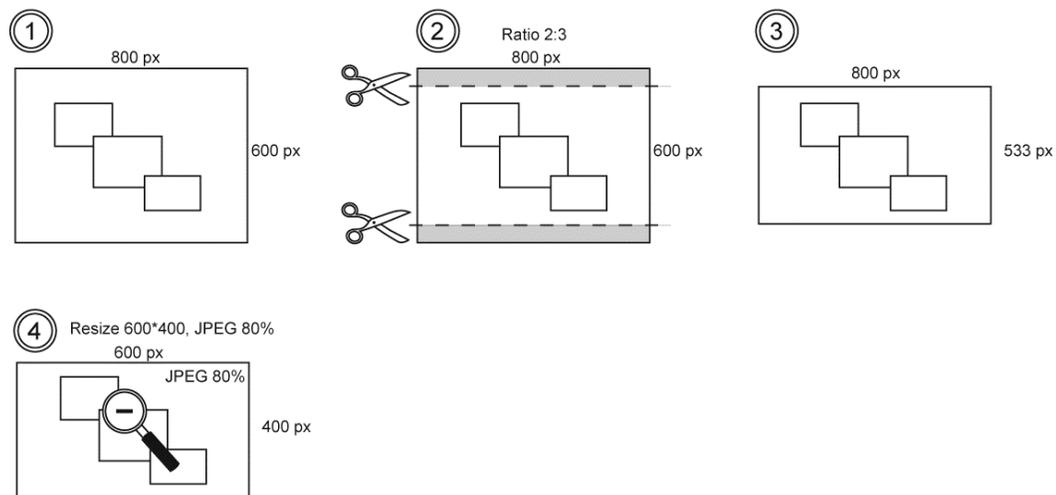
The following properties are displayed:

Name	The name of the conversion setting
Width	The width of the image
Height	The height of the image
DPI	Dots per inch. The image resolution per square inch
Ratio	The image ratio, width/height
Keep Ratio	Yes or No. This value states if the aspect ratio is free or forced
Format	The file format of the converted file
Compression	The compression ratio. This field is only used if the file format is jpeg or websafe

See examples below:

An example conversion format called “600*400” has the following settings:
 Width=600, Height=400, Ratio=3:2, Keep Ratio=No, Format=jpeg (80%)

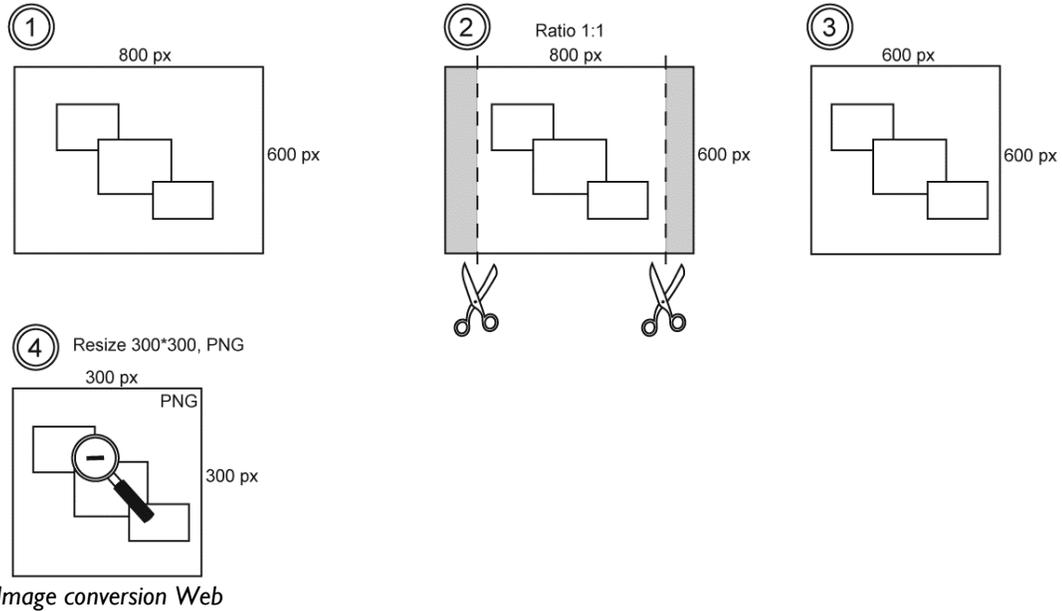
An image with the size 800*600 pixels will first be cropped according to the ratio setting 3:2. This means that the image height is cropped to 533 pixels. The image is then resized to the size settings width 600 pixels and height 400 pixels and converted to jpeg with the image quality set to 80%.



*Image conversion 600*400*

Another example format called “Web” has the following settings:
 Width=300, Ratio=1:1, Keep Ratio=Yes, Format=png

An image with the size 800*600 pixels will first be cropped according to the ratio setting 1:1. This means that the image height and width is cropped to 600 pixels respectively. The image is then resized to the size settings width 300 pixels and height 300. The height export value is automatically set to 300 to enforce the keep ratio setting of 1:1 and the image is converted to png.



The ratio setting will supersede the keep ratio setting if both settings are added.

The available file formats are:

- | | |
|----------|---|
| Web-safe | The web-safe format setting will keep the original format for a file if it is jpeg, png or gif. Other formats, i.e. Photoshop, will be converted to jpeg or png. A CMYK file will be exported as RGB. |
| Jpeg | The file is converted to jpeg |
| Tiff | The file is converted to tiff |
| PNG | The file is converted to png |
| GIF | The file is converted to gif |
| Original | The file retains the same file format it was originally uploaded with |



File formats

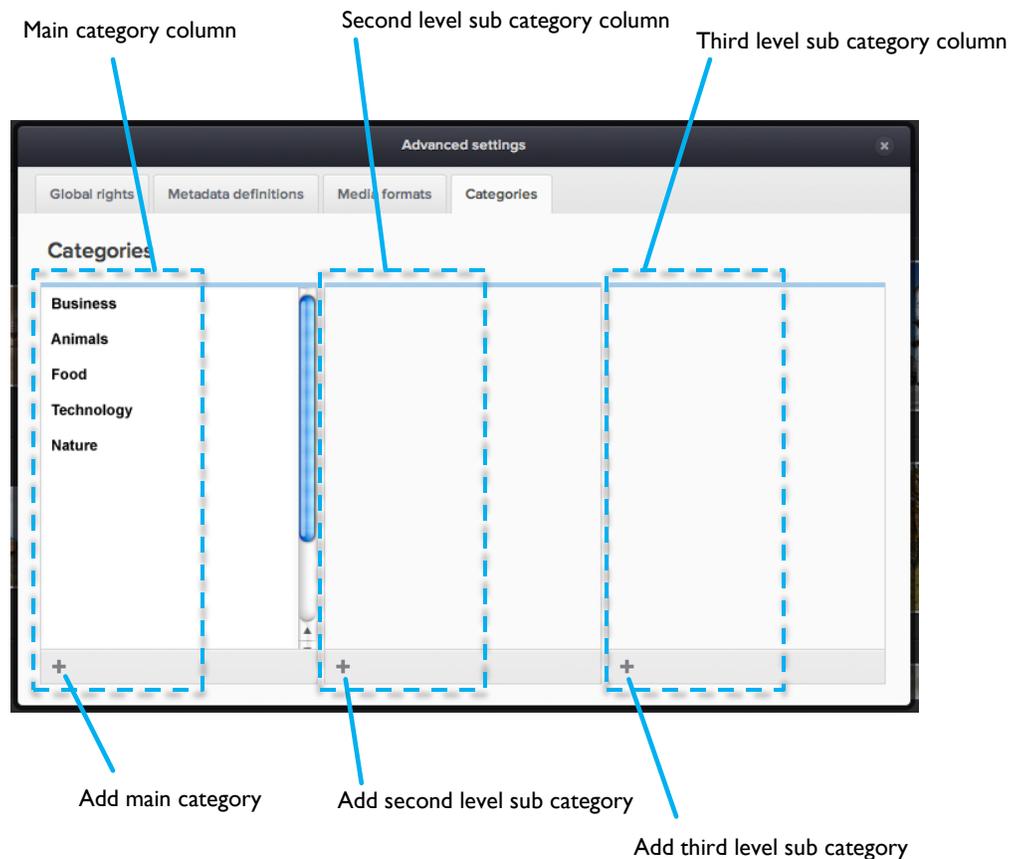
The image compression value is entered as a value 0-100 (%). A high value will produce a high quality image, often very close to the original image, but also a larger file size. A small value will produce a small file size, but might lead a low quality image due to compression artefacts.

Note! It is not possible to edit or delete a media format once a media file has been published using this format.

11.4. Categories

The categories tab displays all categories. New categories can also be added by pressing the plus sign below each category column.

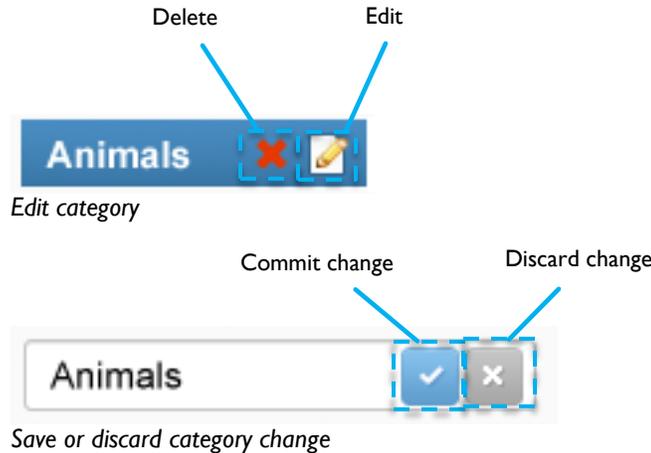
Sub categories will only be visible if the main category is selected.



Categories

11.4.1. Rename or delete a category

Select a main category by clicking on the category name. The category will become highlighted. Either press the x to delete the category or press the page symbol to edit the name. Change the name and commit the change by pressing the check mark symbol. Cancel the operation by pressing the x.



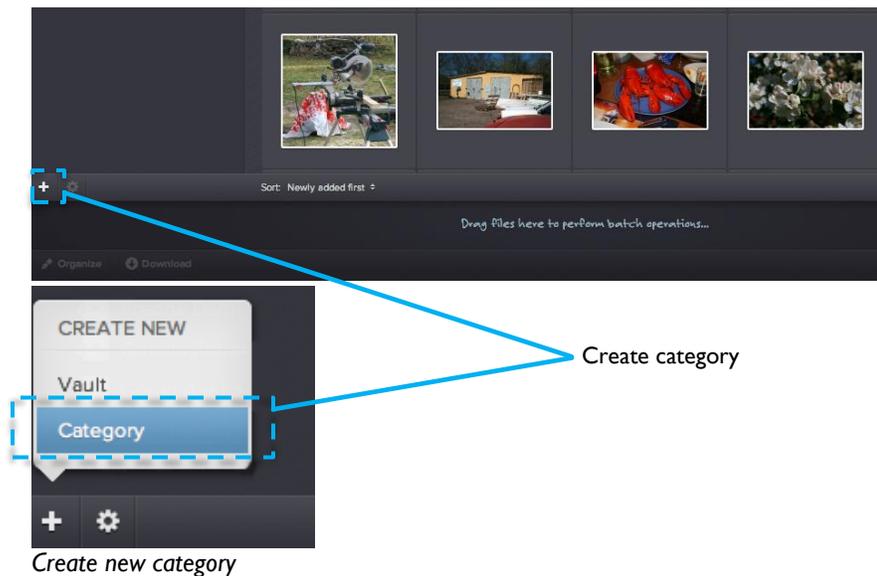
A warning will alert the user prior to deleting a category that is in use.

11.4.2. Add main or sub level category

Press the main category plus sign to create a main category. Create a second level sub category by selecting a main category and then press the second level sub category plus sign. Select the second level sub category and press the plus sign for the third sub category level to create categories in the third and last level.

11.4.3. Add a category from the main user interface

Categories can also be added by pressing the plus sign at the bottom left side of the main page.



Select **Category**. This will open the categories tab in the advanced settings.

It is also possible to add categories on the fly during import.

Organize your uploads

Save Cancel and delete files

For all Items Metadata Categories



Save Cancel and delete files

Add category

Add category

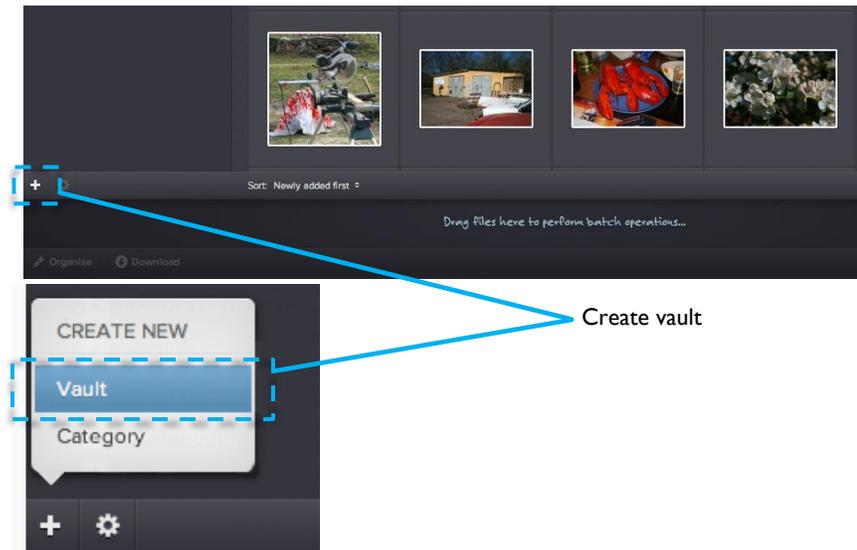
Press the plus sign at the bottom of the category list. This opens the category settings dialog described previously in this chapter. Add a new category, close the settings dialog and select the new category.

12. Vault administration

All users with sufficient privileges can add or modify vaults.

12.1. Add vault

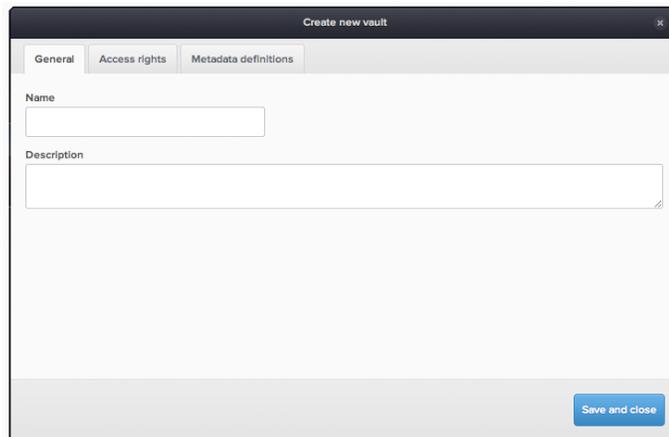
Add a new vault by pressing the plus sign on the bottom left side of the main page. Press **Vault**.



Create vault

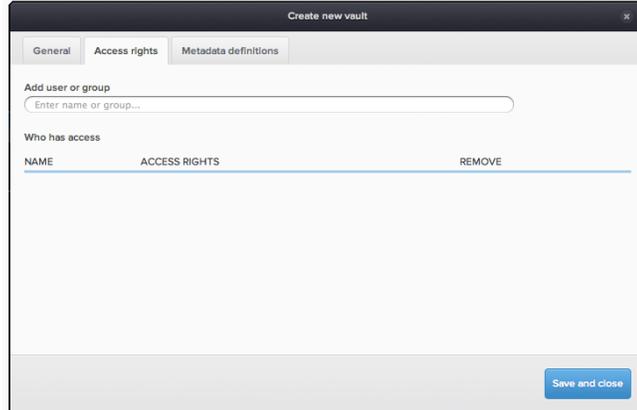
Create new vault

This will start the vault creation guide. Start by giving the vault a name and a description.

The image shows a 'Create new vault' dialog box with three tabs: 'General', 'Access rights', and 'Metadata definitions'. The 'General' tab is active. It contains a 'Name' field with a text input box, a 'Description' field with a larger text area, and a 'Save and close' button at the bottom right.

Vault general settings

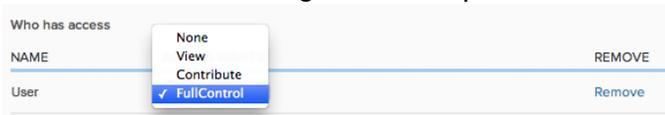
Switch to the second tab to add access rights. Add other users or groups to grant them access rights.



Vault access rights

The user or group name can be added as a partial name. The system will automatically make a wildcard search based on the added name and present matching users or groups as a dropdown menu.

Select a suitable access right in the dropdown menu.



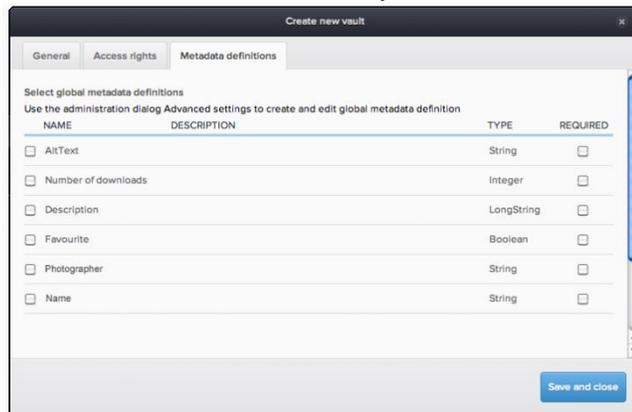
Add user

The following settings are available:

None	No access
View	See content, but not add
Contribute	Upload content, delete content and modify metadata
FullControl	Upload content, delete content, modify metadata and modify vault settings

It is possible to remove a user by pressing the Remove link.

Switch to the third tab to modify metadata definition settings for the vault.



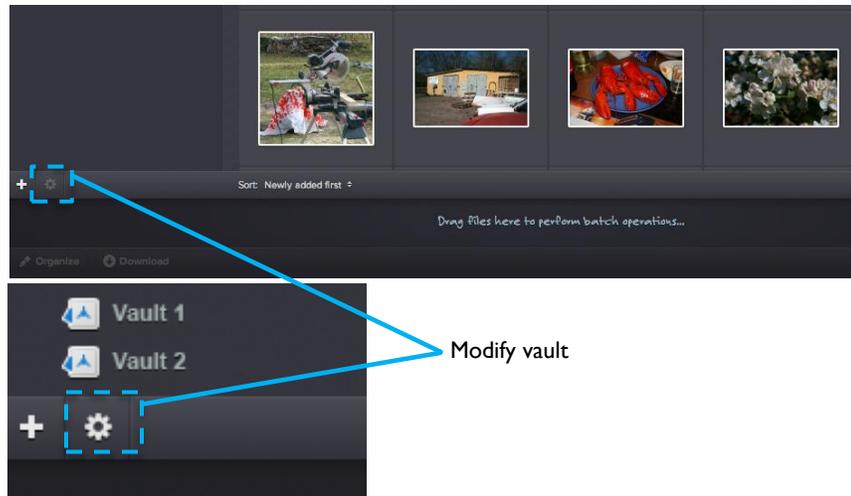
Vault metadata settings

Select metadata definition that will be used for this vault. Tick the checkbox to the left of the metadata to activate the metadata. It is also possible to force the metadata definition by ticking the checkbox to the right of the metadata. This will make the selected metadata required, meaning that the user must add this information during upload.

Create the vault by pressing the button **Save and close**.

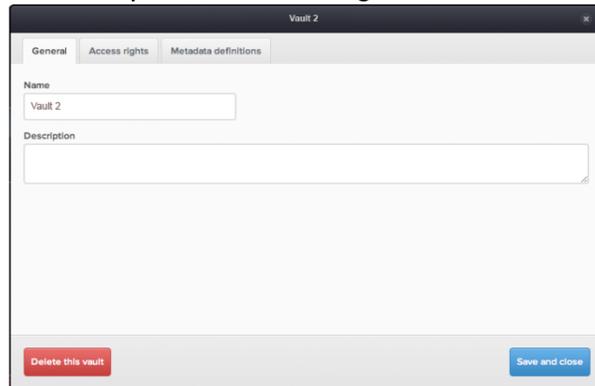
12.2. Modify Vault

Select an existing vault in the vault list. Press the cogwheel symbol located at the bottom left of the screen.



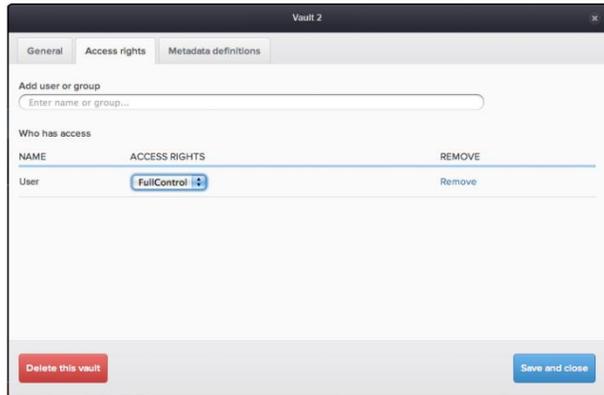
Modify vault

This will open the vault settings.



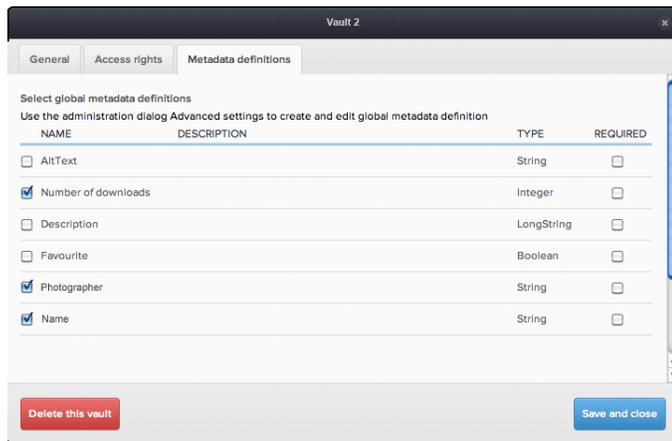
Vault setting

Modify the vault name or description. Proceed to the next tab to make more modifications.



Vault access rights

Add or remove users or modify access rights. Proceed to the last tab to modify metadata.



Vault metadata

Select or unselect vault metadata by using the checkbox located to the left of the metadata definition.

Press **Save and close** to commit the vault modification.

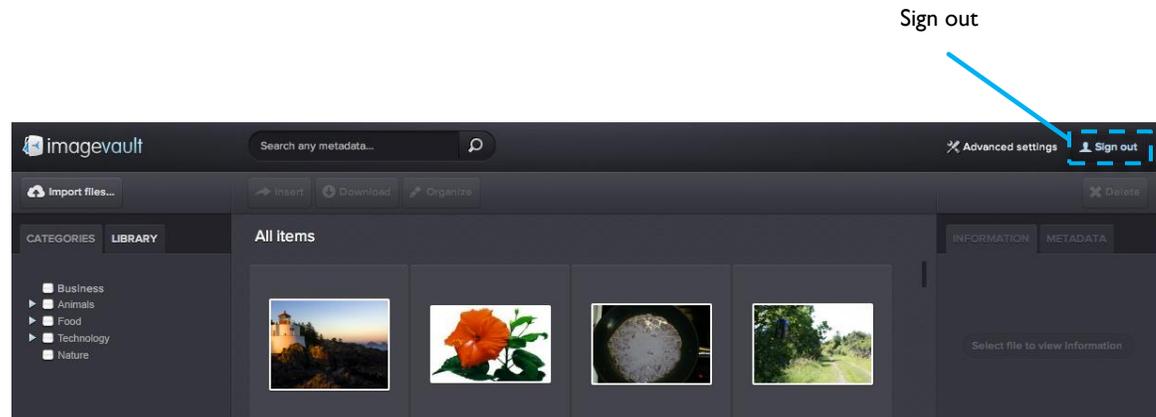
A vault can be deleted by pressing the **Delete this vault** button. All vault content will also be deleted.

13. Authentication

ImageVault utilizes federated authentication using claims based identities. It uses the Windows Identity Foundation (WIF) as authentication layer and can be connected to an existing Identity provider (Idp). You can read more about Federated authentication and WIF at http://en.wikipedia.org/wiki/Windows_Identity_Foundation .

13.1. Signing out from ImageVault

To sign out from ImageVault you have to press the **Sign out** button. When you sign out from ImageVault you will automatically be logged out from your EPiServer site.



Sign out from ImageVault

Note! If you sign out from EPiServer site you will not be automatically logged out from ImageVault.